DEBVisDic – Wordnet editor and browser based on DEB II platform

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In this contribution, we present the new wordnet development tool called DEBVisDic. It is built on the platform for client-server XML databases, called DEB II. This platform is very versatile and allows usage in many applications, from which we concentrate on implementing various dictionary software.

The original wordnet, Princeton WordNet, is one of the most popular lexical resources in the NLP field [1]. One of the projects following it, was Balkanet (2001-4) [2] aiming to develop wordnets for 13 European languages. For this project the browser and editor VisDic has been prepared at the NLP Laboratory at the Faculty of Informatics Masaryk University [3].

Although helping greatly in Balkanet project, VisDic has some disadvantages. Thus we wanted to design a more universal dictionary writing system – this system has been called Dictionary Editor and Browser (further DEB) and its final version named DEB II is used as a main tool for development of several linguistics projects.

These projects include:

- Czech Lexical Database developed in close cooperation with the Institute of Czech Language, Czech Academy of Sciences, Prague
- Czech Onomastic Dictionary, also developed in cooperation with the Institute of Czech Language
- tool for Corpus Pattern Analysis
- new tool for browsing and editing wordnet-like databases called DEBVisDic, which we will discuss in more detail

The DEB Development Platform

The DEB II platform follows a strict client-server architecture. Applications within the DEB platform can be divided into the server part (the server side functionality) and the client part (graphical interfaces with only simple functionality). The server part is built from small parts, called servlets, which allows a modular composition and reusability of all services.

The clients communicate with servers using HTTP requests in a manner similar to recently popular concept in web development called AJAX (Asynchronous JavaScript and XML) or using more complex protocol (we are using JSON now, SOAP will be implemented soon). The data are transported (using plain HTTP) in RDF, generic XML or plain-text formats or are marshalled using JSON.

The actual data storage backend on the server side is provided by Berkeley DB XML, which is a native XML database providing XPath and XQuery access into a set of document containers.

The server side of DEB is implemented in the programming language called Ruby. Ruby is an object-oriented, interpreted programming language with week type checking.

Since the client applications are mostly oriented to the graphical user interfaces (GUI), we have decided to develop them using the Mozilla Development Platform. The Mozilla platform provides a complete set of tools for software development. Many applications have been created with this platform, including Firefox web browser or Thunderbird mail client. Applications built on the Mozilla platform are working within many operating systems, actually any OS on which Mozilla runs (i.e. officially Windows, Linux, and Mac OS X, unofficially many others).
Nevertheless, it’s not needed to build clients on Mozilla Platform. Thanks to client-server architecture, client software can be implemented in any programming language or platform. Only requirement is to support HTTP, JSON or SOAP protocol to communicate with server. Client side can vary from simple web page to advanced GUI client in JAVA or .NET.

One of the main benefits of the DEB platform is the homogeneity of the data structure and presentation, thanks to client-server architecture. Any change in data presentation made on server automatically appear in each client software.

DEBVVisDic

DEBVVisDic is one of the clients that are built on the DEBII platform. As the first step of the DEBVVisDic we reimplemented the functions of the original VisDic (as presented on GWC 2006 conference [4]) and now we are working on extending the tool with new features for supporting the linguistic work on wordnets.

DEBVVisDic uses new versatile interface that allows the user to arrange the work without any limitations. With the help of the DEB platform reusability, many new features will be included that are currently accessible only as separate tools or resources (for example, connection to a morphological analyzer, language corpora, or electronic dictionaries). With the new tool, it’s easy to define and look-up relations between literals, for example derivational relations.

Each WordNet dictionary is prepared as a separate extension (module). Dictionaries can use shared functions of the core and add some specific functionality or settings for the dictionary. Also, packages can provide different view on single dictionary. This way, it’s possible to work with more dictionaries at the same time. Of course, the tool is not limited to wordnet dictionaries, it may work with any dictionary.

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References


